

# Weekly Market Pulse

Week ending September 15, 2023



## Market developments

**Equities:** The U.S. stock market saw increased volatility and a decline in response to a \$4 trillion options event, alongside concerns about a strike impacting Detroit automakers. Big tech companies like Nvidia led the losses, with the S&P 500 erasing gains for the week and the Nasdaq 100 dropping nearly 2% on Friday. Chipmakers were affected by news that Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. requested delays in high-end equipment shipments. The VIX volatility index climbed, and the S&P 500 and Nasdaq Index closed -0.16% and -0.39% respectively for the week.

**Fixed income:** Investors are showing a preference for longer-term bonds, anticipating that the Federal Reserve is nearing the end of its interest-rate hiking cycle. Yields on longer-dated debt are attractive, even if the Fed continues to raise rates. The scarcity of long-duration offerings has created a premium on such bonds. This trend has led to strong demand for longer-maturity bonds, particularly from insurance and pension investors. Government 10yr yields in both Canada and the U.S. ended the week slightly higher.

**Commodities:** Oil prices increased for the third consecutive week due to production cuts by Saudi Arabia and Russia, tightening the global oil market. Oil settled near \$91 a barrel, the highest since November. The International Energy Agency and OPEC warned of a market deficit through the end of the year, driving prices up by about 4% for the week.

## Performance (price return)

SECURITY	PRICE	WEEK	1 MONTH	3 MONTH	YTD
<b>Equities (\$Local)</b>					
S&P/TSX Composite	20,607.75	2.66%	3.56%	2.90%	6.31%
S&P 500	4,450.32	-0.16%	0.28%	0.55%	15.91%
NASDAQ	13,708.33	-0.39%	0.57%	-0.54%	30.97%
DAX	15,893.53	0.94%	0.80%	-2.43%	14.15%
NIKKEI 225	33,533.09	2.84%	4.01%	0.14%	28.51%
Shanghai Composite	3,117.74	0.03%	-1.84%	-4.16%	0.92%
<b>Fixed Income (Performance in %)</b>					
Canada 10-Year Yield	3.74	0.07	-0.01	0.41	0.44
US 10-Year Yield	4.33	0.07	0.12	0.61	0.46
German 10-Year Yield	2.68	0.06	0.00	0.17	0.10
US High Yield Spread	4.07	-0.05	-0.09	-0.45	-0.74
<b>Commodities (\$USD)</b>					
Oil	91.13	4.14%	12.52%	29.04%	13.54%
Gold	1922.8	0.19%	1.09%	-1.80%	5.42%
Copper	375.90	2.13%	2.49%	-3.64%	-1.35%
<b>Currencies (\$USD)</b>					
DX	105.35	0.25%	2.08%	3.17%	1.77%
Loonie	1.3528	-0.82%	0.22%	2.31%	-0.19%
Euro	0.9382	0.39%	2.31%	2.68%	0.44%
Yen	147.88	0.03%	1.59%	5.41%	12.78%

Source: Bloomberg, as of September 15, 2023

## Macro developments

### Canada – No Notable Releases

No notable releases this week.

### U.S. – U.S. Inflation Accelerates in August, U.S. Retail Sales Rise in August

The U.S. experienced a second consecutive monthly increase in inflation, rising to 3.7% in August from 3.2% in July. This was driven by rising oil prices and base effects from the previous year. Notably, energy costs fell less in July 2023 compared to the previous year, and transportation services costs increased, while inflation slowed for electricity, food, shelter, new vehicles, and apparel. Core inflation, excluding food and energy, reached 4.3%.

Retail sales in the U.S. grew by 0.6% in August, surpassing expectations and indicating strong consumer spending despite high prices. Sales at gasoline stations had the largest increase due to soaring gasoline prices, while various other sectors, including clothing, electronics, and food, also saw sales growth. Excluding certain categories, retail sales edged up by 0.1%.

### International – ECB Raises Interest Rates but Signals Possible End, U.K. Unemployment Rate Rises, U.K. Economy Contracts in July, China's Retail Sales Accelerate in August

The European Central Bank (ECB) increased interest rates for the 10th consecutive time, reaching a 22-year high of 4.5% for main refinancing operations and 4% for the deposit facility rate. The ECB expressed concerns about persistent high inflation, with forecasts of 5.6% in 2023 and 3.2% in 2024. GDP growth projections were lowered significantly, indicating economic challenges ahead.

The U.K.'s unemployment rate climbed to 4.3% in May to July 2023, the highest level since 2021. This suggests the labor market may be cooling due to the Bank of England's tightening monetary policy. The number of unemployed individuals increased, and employment levels declined, particularly among full-time self-employed workers. Wage growth, excluding bonuses, reached 7.8%, the highest since 2001.

The British economy contracted by 0.5% in July 2023, the largest decline of the year. The services sector, impacted by strikes in the healthcare industry, and the production sector both contributed to the contraction. Retail trade and manufacturing were notable areas of decline. Over the three months to July, GDP increased by 0.2%.

China experienced a significant increase in retail sales, rising by 4.6% year-on-year in August. This growth was driven by various sectors, including clothing, furniture, communications equipment, cosmetics, and automobiles. However, sales continued to fall for certain categories such as home appliances and office supplies. For the first eight months of the year, retail trade increased by 7.0%.

## Quick look ahead

Date	Country / Region	Event	Survey	Prior	
19-Sep-23	Canada	CPI YoY	Aug	--	3.30%
19-Sep-23	Canada	CPI Core- Median YoY%	Aug	--	3.70%
19-Sep-23	Canada	CPI Core- Trim YoY%	Aug	--	3.60%
20-Sep-23	United States	FOMC Rate Decision (Upper Bound)	20-Sep	5.50%	5.50%
20-Sep-23	United States	FOMC Rate Decision (Lower Bound)	20-Sep	5.25%	5.25%
20-Sep-23	United Kingdom	CPI YoY	Aug	7.00%	6.80%
20-Sep-23	United Kingdom	CPI Core YoY	Aug	--	6.90%
21-Sep-23	United Kingdom	Bank of England Bank Rate	21-Sep	5.50%	5.25%
21-Sep-23	Japan	Jibun Bank Japan PMI Mfg	Sep P	--	49.6
21-Sep-23	Japan	BOJ Policy Balance Rate	22-Sep	--	-0.10%
21-Sep-23	Japan	BOJ 10-Yr Yield Target	22-Sep	--	0.00%
21-Sep-23	Japan	Jibun Bank Japan PMI Services	Sep P	--	54.3
21-Sep-23	Japan	Natl CPI Ex Fresh Food, Energy YoY	Aug	4.30%	4.30%
22-Sep-23	United States	S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI	Sep P	--	47.9
22-Sep-23	United States	S&P Global US Services PMI	Sep P	--	50.5
22-Sep-23	United Kingdom	S&P Global/CIPS UK Manufacturing PMI	Sep P	--	43
22-Sep-23	United Kingdom	Retail Sales Inc Auto Fuel YoY	Aug	--	-3.20%
22-Sep-23	United Kingdom	S&P Global/CIPS UK Services PMI	Sep P	--	49.5
22-Sep-23	Eurozone	HCOB Eurozone Manufacturing PMI	Sep P	43.7	43.5
22-Sep-23	Eurozone	HCOB Eurozone Services PMI	Sep P	47.5	47.9
22-Sep-23	Canada	Retail Sales MoM	Jul	--	0.10%
22-Sep-23	Canada	Retail Sales Ex Auto MoM	Jul	--	-0.80%

Aviso Wealth Inc. ("Aviso Wealth") is the parent company of Credential Qtrade Securities Inc. ("CQSI"), Credential Asset Management ("CAM"), Qtrade Asset Management ("QAM") and Northwest & Ethical Investments L.P. ("NEI"). NEI Investments is a registered trademark of NEI. Any use by CQSI, CAM, QAM or NEI of an Aviso Wealth trade name or trademark is made with the consent and/or license of Aviso Wealth. Aviso Wealth is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Aviso Wealth Limited Partnership, which in turn is owned 50% by Desjardins Financial Holdings Inc. and 50% by a limited partnership owned by the five Provincial Credit Union Centrals and The CUMIS Group Limited. Mutual funds and other securities are offered through Credential Securities and Qtrade Advisor, a division of Credential Qtrade Securities Inc. Mutual funds are offered through Credential Asset Management Inc. and Qtrade Asset Management (a tradename of Credential Asset Management Inc).

This material is for informational and educational purposes and it is not intended to provide specific advice including, without limitation, investment, financial, tax or similar matters. This document is published by CQSI, CAM and QAM and unless indicated otherwise, all views expressed in this document are those of CQSI, CAM and QAM. The views expressed herein are subject to change without notice as markets change over time.